

# Get Free Caepr Discussion Paper Pdf File Free

*Indigenous Australian Entrepreneurs* **Capacity Development in the International Development Context** Being a Good Senior Manager in Indigenous Community Governance **Land Rights and Development Reform in Remote Australia Views from the Top of the 'Quiet Revolution'** **Population and Diversity** *The Environmental Significance of the Indigenous Estate* **Kids, Skidoos and Caribou** Careers

and Aspirations - Young Torres Strait Islanders 1999-2003 An Indigneous School and Learning Community in the ACT? Opportunity, Context and Rationale **Housing Tenure and Indigenous Australians in Remote and Settled Areas** **Indigenous Futures** CAEPR discussion paper Tracking Change in the Relative Economic Status of Indigenous People in New South Wales Thinking about Indigenous Community Governance

Contested Governance **Rethinking the Design of Indigenous Organisations** **The Indigenous Welfare Economy and the CDEP Scheme** Power, Culture, Economy **Boundaries of Clan and Color** **The 'growing Up' of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children** **Governance for Sustainable Development** **Culture, Economy and Governance in Aboriginal Australia** *The Tasmanian Electoral Roll Trial*

*in the 2002 ATSIC Elections*

**My Country, Mine Country**

*The Price of Prosperity*

**Indigenous People and the Pilbara Mining Boom**

*Community and Local*

*Governance in Australia A*

**Profit-Related Investment Scheme for the Indigenous**

*Estate Three Years on*

**Bridging the Digital Divide**

*Social Indicators for Aboriginal*

*Governance Comparative*

**Perspectives on Communal Lands and Individual**

**Ownership Making Sense of the Census Creating a Sense**

*of 'closure' Indigenous*

*Peoples, Consent and Benefit*

*Sharing Assessing the*

*Evidence on Indigenous*

**Socioeconomic Outcomes**

*Demographic and*

*Socioeconomic Outcomes*

*Across the Indigenous*

*Australian Lifecourse*

*Australian Sociology*

*Indigenous People in the Alice*

*Springs Town Camps - the*

*2001 Census Data*

**Indigenous Futures** May 17

2022 In the recent public

debate about the success or

failure of Australia's

Indigenous policies, opinions

have been grounded more

often in personal experience

than in social scientists'

research. By synthesizing ten

years work from the Centre for

Aboriginal Economic Policy

Research, the author fills the

gap in public discussion.

**Housing Tenure and**

**Indigenous Australians in**

**Remote and Settled Areas**

Jun 18 2022

**Views from the Top of the**

**'Quiet Revolution'** Dec 24

2022

**A Profit-Related Investment**

**Scheme for the Indigenous**

**Estate** Nov 30 2020

*CAEPR discussion paper* Apr

16 2022

*Australian Sociology* Jan 21

2020 Australian Sociology 4e

provides a concise and current

introduction to the field of

Sociology, through an analysis

of Australian society. In doing

so, it draws on a diverse range

of perspectives as well as a

myriad of topics that go to

issues at the core of Australian

social life. Our ever-changing society presents continuing challenges to sociological analysis. This new edition of Australian Sociology sets out to document these many changes, while retaining an organised analysis required of an introductory overview of Australian society.

**Indigenous People and the Pilbara Mining Boom** Feb 02 2021 The largest escalation of mining activity in Australian history is currently underway in the Pilbara region of Western Australia. Pilbara-based transnational resource companies recognise that major social and economic impacts on Indigenous communities in the region are

to be expected and that sound relations with these communities and the pursuit of sustainable regional economies involving greater Indigenous participation provide the necessary foundations for a social licence to operate. This study examines the dynamics of demand for Indigenous labour in the region, and the capacity of local supply to respond. A special feature of this study is the inclusion of qualitative data reporting the views of local Indigenous people on the social and economic predicaments that face them.

Being a Good Senior Manager in Indigenous Community Governance Feb 26 2023  
Thinking about Indigenous

Community Governance Feb 14 2022

Power, Culture, Economy Oct 10 2021 Research over the past decade in health, employment, life expectancy, child mortality, and household income has confirmed that Indigenous Australians are still Australia's most disadvantaged group. Those residing in communities in regional and remote Australia are further disadvantaged because of the limited formal economic opportunities there. In these areas mining developments may be the major-and sometimes the only-contributors to regional economic development. However Indigenous

communities have gained only relatively limited long-term economic development benefits from mining activity on land that they own or over which they have property rights of varying significance.

Furthermore, while Indigenous people may place high value on realising particular non-economic benefits from mining agreements, there may be only limited capacity to deliver such benefits. This collection of papers focuses on three large, ongoing mining operations in Queensland, Western Australia and the Northern Territory under two statutory regimes- the Aboriginal Land Rights (Northern Territory) Act 1976 and the Native Title Act 1993.

The authors outline the institutional basis to greater industry involvement while describing and analysing the best practice principles that can be utilised both by companies and Indigenous community organisations. The research addresses questions such as: What factors underlie successful investment in community relations and associated agreement governance and benefit packages for Indigenous communities? How are economic and non-economic flows monitored? What are the values and aspirations which Indigenous people may bring to bear in their engagement with mining developments? What

more should companies and government do to develop the capacity and sustainability of local Indigenous organisations? What mining company strategies build community capacity to deal with impacts of mining? Are these adequate? How to prepare for sustainable futures for Indigenous Australians after mine closure? This research was conducted under an Australian Research Council Linkage Project, with Rio Tinto and the Committee for Economic Development of Australia as Industry Partners.

**Land Rights and Development Reform in Remote Australia** Jan 25 2023

**Governance for Sustainable Development** Jul 07 2021 This

discussion paper examines the concepts of governance, good governance and sustainable development in the context of Australian Indigenous communities and regions. It explores the hypothesis that there is vital link between governance and sustainable development.

### **Kids, Skidoos and Caribou**

Sep 21 2022

*Social Indicators for Aboriginal Governance* Aug 28 2020 The Council of Australian Governments is trialing Indigenous Community Coordination Pilot schemes around the country aimed at fostering whole-of-government approaches to service delivery and development. A notable

example is in the Thamarrurr region of the Northern Territory focused on the Aboriginal town of Wadeye and its hinterland. Under new governance arrangements the Thamarrurr Regional Council has identified a need to profile existing social and economic conditions as a basis for its current planning and future evaluation. This study provides an innovative template for such profiling. With substantial input from local people it uncovers a region of high population growth with major challenges in areas of employment, income, education and training, housing and infrastructure, health status and criminal justice. It yields a

baseline of available data to assist discussions of regional needs, aspirations and development capacities. By using population projections, it shifts government and community thinking away from reactive responses to historic need, to a more pro-active future-oriented approach to development. The Thamarrurr people view this document as an important planning tool for their people. Their aim is to have the same access to services and opportunities as other Australians. "Give every kid a chance" is their catch cry. This study lays out what is required from governments and the community to achieve that vision.

## **Culture, Economy and Governance in Aboriginal Australia**

Jun 06 2021

*The Environmental*

*Significance of the Indigenous*

*Estate* Oct 22 2022

The Indigenous estates makes up 20 per cent of the Australian land mass, covering vast areas of relatively intact land containing some of the highest conservation priority lands in Australia. Using a number of maps, Jon Altman, Geoff Buchanan and Libby Larsen explore the geography of the Indigenous estate, its environmental significance, and some of the innovative approaches adopted by Indigenous landholders to protect the natural and cultural

values of their land. Also available from CAEPR website at [www.anu.edu.au/caepr](http://www.anu.edu.au/caepr) [Contested Governance](#) Jan 13 2022 It is gradually being recognised by both Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians that getting contemporary Indigenous governance right is fundamental to improving Indigenous well-being and generating sustained socioeconomic development. This collection of papers examines the dilemmas and challenges involved in the Indigenous struggle for the development and recognition of systems of governance that they recognise as both legitimate and effective. The authors highlight the nature of

the contestation and negotiation between Australian governments, their agents, and Indigenous groups over the appropriateness of different governance processes, values and practices, and over the application of related policy, institutional and funding frameworks within Indigenous affairs. The long-term, comparative study reported in this monograph has been national in coverage, and community and regional in focus. It has pulled together a multidisciplinary team to work with partner communities and organisations to investigate Indigenous governance arrangements-the processes, structures, scales, institutions,

leadership, powers, capacities, and cultural foundations-across rural, remote and urban settings. This ethnographic case study research demonstrates that Indigenous and non-Indigenous governance systems are intercultural in respect to issues of power, authority, institutions and relationships. It documents the intended and unintended consequences-beneficial and negative-arising for both Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians from the realities of contested governance. The findings suggest that the facilitation of effective, legitimate governance should be a policy, funding and institutional

imperative for all Australian governments. This research was conducted under an Australian Research Council Linkage Project, with Reconciliation Australia as Industry Partner.

*Three Years on* Oct 30 2020

This discussion paper presents the results from the third and final year of the Kuranda community case study for the project on the delivery of appropriate welfare services and policies to Indigenous families. Core recommendations and conclusions from the project as a whole are also discussed.

**Assessing the Evidence on Indigenous Socioeconomic Outcomes** Mar 23 2020

Aboriginal Australian; Social conditions; Economic conditions.

Careers and Aspirations - Young Torres Strait Islanders 1999-2003 Aug 20 2022

**Population and Diversity** Nov 23 2022 Argues for a consistent, whole-of-government approach that addresses demographic "hot spots", or regions where particular public policy concerns are arising.

**Making Sense of the Census** Jun 25 2020 Explores some of the problems, successes and policy issues related to the application of the Indigenous Enumeration Strategy in the enumeration of Aboriginal people in remote parts of

Australia.  
*Demographic and Socioeconomic Outcomes Across the Indigenous Australian Lifecourse* Feb 20 2020 Across almost all standard indicators, the Indigenous population of Australia has worse outcomes than the non-Indigenous population. Despite the abundance of statistics and a plethora of government reports on Indigenous outcomes, there is very little information on how Indigenous disadvantage accumulates or is mitigated through time at the individual level. The research that is available highlights two key findings. Firstly, that Indigenous disadvantage starts

from a very early age and widens over time. Secondly, that the timing of key life events including education attendance, marriage, childbirth and retirement occur on average at different ages for the Indigenous compared to the non-Indigenous population. To target policy interventions that will contribute to meeting the Council of Australian Governments' (COAG) Closing the Gap targets, it is important to understand and acknowledge the differences between the Indigenous and non-Indigenous lifecourse in Australia, as well as the factors that lead to variation within the Indigenous population.  
*Indigenous Peoples, Consent*

*and Benefit Sharing* Apr 23 2020 Indigenous Peoples, Consent and Benefit Sharing is the first in-depth account of the Hoodia bioprospecting case and use of San traditional knowledge, placing it in the global context of indigenous peoples' rights, consent and benefit-sharing. It is unique as the first interdisciplinary analysis of consent and benefit sharing in which philosophers apply their minds to questions of justice in the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), lawyers interrogate the use of intellectual property rights to protect traditional knowledge, environmental scientists analyse implications for national policies,

anthropologists grapple with the commodification of knowledge and, uniquely, case experts from Asia, Australia and North America bring their collective expertise and experiences to bear on the San-Hoodia case.

### **Creating a Sense of 'closure'**

May 25 2020 This study highlights the significance of variability of Indigenous population estimates by calculating standard errors, one of the conventional measures of reliability of statistics.

*The Tasmanian Electoral Roll Trial in the 2002 ATSIC*

*Elections* May 05 2021

Tracking Change in the Relative Economic Status of

Indigenous People in New South Wales Mar 15 2022

*Community and Local*

*Governance in Australia* Jan 01

2021 This book examines the resurgence in Australia of locality-based social policy (concerned with the spatial dimensions of disadvantage), after the political failures of the market oriented approach to regional reform. The book proposes that these trends are leading to a new 'post-competition' policy regime in Australia that mirrors global policy trends.

### **Bridging the Digital Divide**

Sep 28 2020

### **Comparative Perspectives on Communal Lands and Individual Ownership**

Jul 27

2020 A collection of critical debates, analyses and evaluations of changing models of property as the vehicle governing access to land and resources.

### **Capacity Development in the International Development**

**Context** Mar 27 2023

The Price of Prosperity Mar 03

2021 While our leaders celebrate Australia's 'economic miracle', unemployment, particularly long-term unemployment, has become a permanent feature of Australia's economic landscape. Its unacceptably high level has proved remarkably resistant in the face of sustained economic growth and increased

prosperity. The adverse economic and social consequences of high unemployment are likely to leave long-term scars on those affected, as well as on local communities and the entire fabric of Australian society. Yet these effects rarely feature on the policy agenda, and the costs of unemployment remain largely invisible.

### **Boundaries of Clan and Color**

Sep 09 2021 Economic disparity between ethnic and racial groups is a ubiquitous and pervasive phenomenon internationally. Gaps between groups encompass employment, wage, occupational status and wealth differentials. Virtually every

nation is comprised of a group whose material well-being is sharply depressed in comparison with another, socially dominant group. This collection is a cross-national, comparative investigation of the patterns and dynamics of inter-group economic inequality. A wide range of respected experts discuss such issues as: \*a wide range of groups from the Burakumin in Japan to the scheduled castes and tribes in India \*policy attempts to remedy intergroup inequality \*race and labor market outcomes in Brazil. Under the impressive editorship of William Darity Jr and Ashwini Deshpande, this collection forms an important

book. It will be of interest to students and academics involved in racial studies, the economics of discrimination and labor economics as well as policy makers around the world.

*Indigenous People in the Alice Springs Town Camps - the 2001 Census Data* Dec 20 2019  
*An Indigneous School and Learning Community in the ACT? Opportunity, Context and Rationale* Jul 19 2022  
*Indigenous Australian Entrepreneurs* Apr 28 2023  
"Examines 50 qualitative case studies ... of successful urban and provincial Indigenous Australian entrepreneurs who employ other people." - abstract.

## **The Indigenous Welfare Economy and the CDEP Scheme**

Nov 11 2021 Debates the crucial issue of how Indigenous self-determination and the rights agenda, which argues for the unique and inherent rights of Indigenous Australians, sits with, or in opposition to, the mutual obligation theories of the Howard government's welfare reform.

## **My Country, Mine Country**

Apr 04 2021 Agreements between the mining industry and Indigenous people are not creating sustainable economic futures for Indigenous people, and this demands consideration of alternate forms of economic engagement in order to realise

such futures. Within the context of three mining agreements in north Australia this study considers Indigenous livelihood aspirations and their intersection with sustainable development agendas. The three agreements are the Yandi Land Use Agreement in the Central Pilbara in Western Australia, the Ranger Uranium Mine Agreement in the Kakadu region of the Northern Territory, and the Gulf Communities Agreement in relation to the Century zinc mine in the southern Gulf of Carpentaria in Queensland. Recent shifts in Indigenous policy in Australia seek to de-emphasise the cultural behaviour or imperatives of

Indigenous people in undertaking economic action, in favour of a mainstream conventional approach to economic development. Concepts of value, identity, and community are key elements in the tension between culture and economics that exists in the Indigenous policy environment. Whilst significant diversity exists within the Indigenous polity, Indigenous aspirations for the future typically emphasise a desire for alternate forms of economic engagement that combine elements of the mainstream economy with the maintenance and enhancement of Indigenous institutions and livelihood activities. Such

aspirations reflect ongoing and dynamic responses to modernity, and typically concern the interrelated issues of access to and management of country, the maintenance of Indigenous institutions associated with family and kin, access to resources such as cash and vehicles, the establishment of robust representative organisations, and are integrally linked to the derivation of both symbolic and economic value of livelihood pursuits.

### **Rethinking the Design of Indigenous Organisations**

Dec 12 2021 This paper argues that a fundamental issue confronting Australian indigenous groups and

communities is how to develop the capacity to engage strategically with the general Australian society, in particular with its political and economic dimensions.

### **The 'growing Up' of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children** Aug 08 2021

- [Indigenous Australian Entrepreneurs](#)
- [Capacity Development In The International Development Context](#)
- [Being A Good Senior Manager In Indigenous Community Governance](#)
- [Land Rights And Development Reform In Remote Australia](#)

- [Views From The Top Of The Quiet Revolution](#)
- [Population And Diversity](#)
- [The Environmental Significance Of The Indigenous Estate](#)
- [Kids Skidoos And Caribou](#)
- [Careers And Aspirations Young Torres Strait Islanders 1999 2003](#)
- [An Indigneous School And Learning Community In The ACT Opportunity Context And Rationale](#)
- [Housing Tenure And Indigenous Australians In Remote And Settled Areas](#)
- [Indigenous Futures](#)
- [CAEPR Discussion Paper](#)
- [Tracking Change In The Relative Economic Status](#)

## Of Indigenous People In New South Wales

- Thinking About Indigenous Community Governance
- Contested Governance
- Rethinking The Design Of Indigenous Organisations
- The Indigenous Welfare Economy And The CDEP Scheme
- Power Culture Economy
- Boundaries Of Clan And Color
- The Growing Up Of Aboriginal And Torres Strait Islander Children
- Governance For Sustainable Development
- Culture Economy And Governance In Aboriginal

## Australia

- The Tasmanian Electoral Roll Trial In The 2002 ATSI Elections
- My Country Mine Country
- The Price Of Prosperity
- Indigenous People And The Pilbara Mining Boom
- Community And Local Governance In Australia
- A Profit Related Investment Scheme For The Indigenous Estate
- Three Years On
- Bridging The Digital Divide
- Social Indicators For Aboriginal Governance
- Comparative Perspectives On

## Communal Lands And Individual Ownership

- Making Sense Of The Census
- Creating A Sense Of Closure
- Indigenous Peoples Consent And Benefit Sharing
- Assessing The Evidence On Indigenous Socioeconomic Outcomes
- Demographic And Socioeconomic Outcomes Across The Indigenous Australian Lifecourse
- Australian Sociology
- Indigenous People In The Alice Springs Town Camps The 2001 Census Data